

TAFT LIKELY TO VISIT ST. PAUL

But He Will Make Few Other Trips This Fall.

TOO MUCH WORK ON HAND

Chief Executive Will Be Busy With Appointments to the Supreme Court, Appointment of Court of Commerce and a Railroad Stock and Bond Inquiry Commission and Preparing His Annual Message to Congress.

Beverly, Mass., July 30.—President Taft has cancelled all of the engagements, tentative and otherwise, that he had made in different parts of the country for this fall. Important affairs of administration, it was said, would keep the president engaged at Beverly and Washington until November. It is expected, however, that he will visit the Panama canal in November and go to Provincetown, Mass., on Aug. 5 to review the Atlantic battleship fleet and speak at the dedication of the Pilgrims' monument. He has left open the question of whether or not he will speak at the National Conservation congress, which meets in St. Paul Sept. 5 to 9, and at the unveiling of the Reed monument in Portland, Me., on Aug. 11.

The chances are the president will go to St. Paul.

Will Occupy President's Time.

Some of the things that will occupy the president's time in the immediate future, and which entered into his determination to avoid all travel during the early fall, are the supreme court appointments, the appointment of a court of commerce, the appointment of a railroad stock and bond inquiry commission, the subject of economy in the congressional administration, the estimates for the coming fiscal year and the preparation of the annual message to congress.

Senator Winthrop Murray Crane of Massachusetts, who occupies in the senate a position similar to that of the Republican "whip" in the house of representatives, was summoned to Beverly by President Taft and had a long talk with the chief magistrate at Burgess Point.

He was asked by the president to make a trip through the West in the near future, going as far as Seattle, Wash. He will inquire into political conditions in the states through which he travels.

Mr. Taft is anxious to have an impartial survey made of the fields and believes an outsider can get and give a better understanding of the situation in the different states than the leaders actively engaged in the politics of the various commonwealths.

This action is regarded as one of the most important politically that Mr. Taft has made.

BAD FIRE IN MINNEAPOLIS

Property Valued at a Hundred Thousand Dollars Burned.

Minneapolis, July 30.—With a heat that could be felt for five blocks and which forced the firemen several hundred feet away flames devoured the plant of the Minnesota Furniture Frame company and the Crescent elevator of the Van Dusen-Harrington line here. The loss will reach \$100,000. The entire residence district lying southeast of the scene of the flames was in imminent danger of conflagration. Red hot sheet iron from the roof of the elevator was carried five and six blocks away.

The home of Peter Hanson was almost totally destroyed by one of these burning embers falling on the roof. The home of Jacob Croon suffered the loss of its roof. The woodyard of D. E. Hegberg was also destroyed. This lay across the Northern Pacific railroad tracks from the scene of the blaze. The company's office escaped. The tracks of the Northern Pacific line running past the factories were warped into a snakelike pig iron. They will have to be replaced before they can be used.

The fire is believed to have originated in the boiler room of the furniture factory and spread rapidly.

SEEDS WILL BE FURNISHED

New Law Permits North Dakota Counties to Assist Farmers.

Minot, N. D., July 30.—North Dakota farmers will not be obliged to suffer anything in the way of seed grain shortage next year, although there will be a light crop in the state this year. The state legislative assembly passed a bill two years ago providing for county assistance for farmers needing seed grain. The law in question provides that any county in the state may create a seed grain fund through the issuance of bonds and the farmers securing assistance will give the county a lien on the crop raised.

Expensive. "I want some cloth to make my dolly a dress," announced a little girl of seven as she entered a store the other day.

"How much is it?" she asked when the merchant handed her the package.

"Just one kiss," was the reply.

"All right," she said. "Grandma said she would pay you when she came in tomorrow."—Ladies' Home Journal.

KING ALFONSO.

Spain's Diplomatic Relations With the Vatican Severed.



SEVERES RELATIONS WITH THE VATICAN

Spain Recalls Her Ambassador to the Pope.

San Sebastian, Spain, July 30.—At the conclusion of the conference between King Alfonso and Premier Canalejas it was announced that Marquis Emilio de Ojeda, Spanish ambassador to the Vatican, had been recalled.

At the same time the opinion was expressed that a rupture with the Vatican was inevitable. Senor Canalejas told the king the government could not accept the conditions of the Vatican's last note and that the Vatican would be so informed.

Premier Canalejas will continue his anti-clerical programme, counting up on the support of King Alfonso.

PUBLIC GREATLY EXCITED

Religious Manifestations at Bilbao Interdicted.

Bilbao, Spain, July 30.—On account of public excitement here over the church and state question the government has interdicted Catholic and other manifestations which had been arranged for next Sunday.

The order sent to Marquis de Ojeda to leave his post signifies that the rupture which Senor Canalejas designated as inevitable is now an accomplished fact.

Marquis de Ojeda himself, in addition to pleading illness, has been insisting on his return on the ground that the position of the government at Rome no longer was tenable and that he considered a rupture between the Vatican and the government imminent.

Premier Canalejas, referring to the Vatican's last note which declared that unless the decree of June 11 permitting non-Catholic societies to display the insignia of public worship was withdrawn, negotiations looking to the revision of the concordat would be discontinued, said the government would tolerate no imposition.

Spain's recalling Ambassador De Ojeda, it is expected, will be followed by the departure from Madrid of Monsignore Vico, the papal nuncio, when the rupture will be complete.

Senor Canalejas is preparing for a supreme battle. In addressing a Liberal organization he declared that Spain was struggling for liberty of conscience. "Poor Spain," he said, "if we succumb it will be decadence. The government, which possesses the confidence of the king, will save Spain despite all and against all. The struggle we wage is not anti-religious but anti-clerical. We count upon the army, a majority in parliament, and reason."

TRAMPS SET FIRE TO BARN

Seek Revenge Because Farmer Refused Them a Meal.

Denbigh, N. D., July 30.—Because they were refused a meal, two tramps, who had called at the home of Chris Schaatz, near this city, set fire to a large barn on his farm, and in order to prevent neighbors from assisting Schaatz in extinguishing the blaze, they kept up a steady fire of revolver shots.

Immediately the fire began to die out, the tramps made their getaway and, though a posse was organized, no trace of them could be found. Schaatz was obliged to refuse the men a meal because his wife had retired, but he offered them a lunch and also gave them quilts so that they might make themselves a place to sleep in the barn.

No Pure Water.

Owing to the extremely solvent powers, pure water is never found in nature, the nearest approach being found in rainwater, which, as it is formed in the upper regions of the atmosphere, is the purest that nature supplies, but in descending it brings with it whatever impurities are floating near the surface, which in the neighborhood of cities are always numerous; hence perfectly pure water is hardly to be found, even the artificially distilled being only approximately so.

Girl Swimmer Drowned.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., July 30.—Miss Rose Gaul, aged seventeen, a prominent young woman here, was drowned in Glen lake, near Glenn mill, north of the city limits, while attempting to rescue Miss Lulu McDonald, aged fifteen, from drowning. Miss McDonald was saved by other swimmers.

RIOTERS ACTIVE AT COLUMBUS

State Troops Unable to Suppress Disorders.

STREET CARS ARE STONED

Mobs Disperse Before Troops Arrive at the Scene of Trouble—Governor Harmon Refuses to Allow the Militia to Be Used for Police Duty—Courts May Be Asked to Appoint a Receiver for Street Car Company.

Columbus, O., July 30.—Presence of the three regiments of the Ohio National guard did not deter Columbus rioters, and the night proved to be the worst since the car strike began. A score of imported employees of the Columbus Railway and Light company were injured by stones and other missiles, and by 10 o'clock car service, which had been resumed at 4:30, following the return at noon of Governor Harmon to the city, was suspended and cars were taken to the barns for the night.

Mayor Marshall said he was disappointed in the aid lent by troops. Promptly on his arrival Governor Harmon had declared that the militia could not be used for police duty. He declared they should remain in their camps unless summoned to points where rioting broke out. The result was that when nightfall came the union sympathizers began attacking cars in all sections of the city. They defied the police, as they had done on previous nights. As they did not gather in crowds there were with two exceptions no mobs to disperse. Before the troops could be summoned cars had been stoned, and the guilty persons had made their escape.

Notable exceptions were on the North Side, where after crews had been driven from cars and beaten, threats were made to overturn and demolish the cars. Battery C of Columbus arrived in time to drive the people into their homes and into nearby streets.

Retail merchants will call on Governor Harmon to summon the legislature in special session to provide a compulsory arbitration law.

City Solicitor E. L. Weinland indicated in a statement that, unless a settlement was soon reached, he would act on petitions filed, urging him to ask the courts to appoint a receiver to manage the street railway so as to secure service.

PINIONED UNDER AN AUTO

Minneapolis Man's Face Terribly Burned by Acid.

Minneapolis, July 30.—Pinioned under a closed electric auto, in which she and her companion had plunged forty feet over an embankment on River boulevard, Miss Gertrude Chase, daughter of Mrs. H. B. Chase, screamed for ten long minutes to bring assistance to Charles E. Yeoman, who also was weighted down by the machine and on whose face sulphuric acid from the electric batteries was slowly dripping, burning the flesh. Should Mr. Yeoman be able to save his sight it will be due to the lungs of Miss Chase. Both are prominent in Mill City society.

Mr. Yeoman is now at St. Mary's hospital, where physicians say it is almost impossible to predict that he will save his vision. In addition to the numerous bruises which cover his body he was severely burned about the face. Miss Chase, who was also taken to the hospital and afterward removed to her home, escaped with a badly bruised leg and severe acid burns.

ANCIENT MILL'S LAST YEAR

Lumber Sawing Operations Soon to Cease at Chippewa Falls, Wis.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., July 30.—The last trainload of logs from the camps north of Stanley has been dumped into the Chippewa Lumber and Boom company's booms on the river here. There were six carloads, all that remained of the 7,000,000 feet burned in the recent forest fires. It is unofficially stated that this season will be the last sawing for the big mill in this city, which has operated every summer since 1836, having cut more pine than any other sawmill in Wisconsin, Michigan or Minnesota.

Hail Damages Grain.

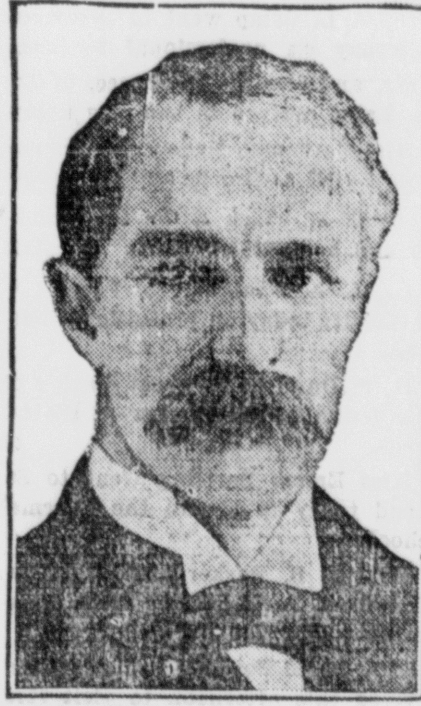
Jamestown, N. D., July 30.—Much damage was done south of Cleveland, twenty-two miles from here, by hail and wind. A. Sund lost everything, and a farmer by the name of Leskowski lost what little crop he had left. There was some damage in the Sinclair neighborhood, where a heavy rain fell.

No Pure Water.

Owing to the extremely solvent powers, pure water is never found in nature, the nearest approach being found in rainwater, which, as it is formed in the upper regions of the atmosphere, is the purest that nature supplies, but in descending it brings with it whatever impurities are floating near the surface, which in the neighborhood of cities are always numerous; hence perfectly pure water is hardly to be found, even the artificially distilled being only approximately so.

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

Former Chief Forester Scores Administration of Ballinger.



SAYS DECISION IS FINAL

Lind Declares He Will Not Accept Nomination.

Everett, Wash., July 30.—Former Governor John Lind of Minnesota, Democratic nominee for governor of that state, refused to discuss the nomination further than to say that his statement in which he announced that he would not accept the nomination contains his final decision.

To escape interviewers and messages from Minnesota, the former governor went on a trip to the woods. Mr. Lind, his wife and daughter will sail from Seattle for Southeastern Alaska on the steamship Humboldt Sunday morning. They will remain in the north two or three weeks, and on returning will spend a day in Everett and then go to California. Whether Mr. Lind will continue his pleasure trip after leaving California has not been decided, but the former governor makes clear that he is in no hurry to return to Minnesota, and takes small interest in the political affairs of that state.

BOARD OF TRADE OFFICERS ALARMED

Those of Chicago Institution May Punish Speculators.

Chicago, July 30.—Officers and directors of the Chicago board of trade are alarmed over the manner in which certain big operators have ignored the board's resolution against the "running of corners in grain."

That a corner exists in July wheat is not denied—in fact it has been patent to every broker on the floor for several weeks—and now the directors, under repeated urging from the conservative members, who are striving to allay the public agitation for the abolition of "exchanges" of all sort, have about decided to conduct a thorough investigation into this corner, and to apply the penalty to those who are found guilty. The penalty is expulsion.

While the names of the principal operators of the present corner are more or less the subject of conjecture among the members of the board, two men are most prominently mentioned, T. H. Waterman of Albany, N. Y., and James Pettit, president of the Peavy Grain company of Chicago. The name of George Marcey, president of the Armour Grain company, is also mentioned by some of the brokers, who have always been accounted among the keenest observers on the floor.

DEADHEADS WILL BE SAVED

Channel of the Upper Mississippi Will Be Cleared at Same Time.

Grand Rapids, Minn., July 30.—A work of importance to Grand Rapids and Cohasset was announced at the close of the trip of inspection of the upper river by C. E. Chute, head of the Northern Boom company, who says his company has received instructions to raise all watersoaked and sunken logs belonging to the companies for which the boom men have done driving on the Mississippi. All of the deadhead logs in the flowage above Pokagama dam will be taken out and piled on the banks at points along the river to dry. Cohasset will be the headquarters for this work, which it is expected will require several seasons to complete. One object for doing the work is to clear the channel of logs which interfere with navigation.

Fall From Train Fatal.

St. Paul, July 30.—P. C. Schenck, while on the way to Lindstrom, Minn., to bring home his wife, who had been spending the summer there with relatives, met an untimely death by falling from the platform of a Northern Pacific train and tumbling over a viaduct near Phalen park. His skull was fractured and when he was picked up death had ensued.

Spider Carries Mileage Inside.

A web filament two and one-quarter miles long has been taken from the body of a single spider.

ADMINISTRATION OF BALLINGER

THE ANDORRANS.

All the Inhabitants of the Little Republic Are Related.

The inhabitants of Andorra, the little republic which is wedged in between France and Spain and which has existed since the year 782, are very proud of their blue blood and ancient lineage. In their eyes a gavage (foreigner) of any description or nationality is merely an inferior being, a sort of mushroom upstart in comparison with themselves. During 1,200 years they have continually married and intermarried to such an extent that at present all the inhabitants are practically cousins, yet, strange to say, neither their physical, mental nor moral qualities seem to have suffered. Both sexes are strong limbed, broad shouldered, bright eyed, hardy and long lived, retaining their hair and their teeth to a green old age. They are also keen witted and intelligent, alert and happy hearted, sober, industrious, hospitable and devout. The feminine Andorran has not a vestige of coquetry about her. She is just the female pure and simple. She is a thrifty housewife, a helpmate to her husband in the most literal sense of the term—ready and able to trudge off across mountain and valley beside him with a pack of smuggled goods on her back in case of need.—Wide World Magazine.

Didn't Want It Flattened.

This story is told of Jerome K. Jerome, the humorist. Returning from abroad one time, he fell into good company, with the exception of one man, who was what is known as "a walking encyclopedia." This man persisted in giving all sorts of information, much to the annoyance of Mr. Jerome and others. One morning, as the travelers leaned over the rail, admiring the rising sun, the man with the information turned to them and said almost solemnly:

"Gentlemen, if the earth were flattened out the sea would be two miles deep over the whole world."

Mr. Jerome turned around, seemingly stunned. Then he grew indignant, and, walking over to the other man, he said, shaking his finger menacingly: "Look here, man, if you catch any fellow trying to flatten out the earth shoot him on the spot. I can't win."—Philadelphia Times.

RESULTS ON THE DIAMOND

American Association. Milwaukee, 2; Toledo, 1. St. Paul, 2; Louisville, 3. Columbus, 3; Kansas City, 1. Minneapolis, 9; Indianapolis, 2.

National League. St. Louis, 2; Chicago, 5. Boston, 2; New York, 5. Pittsburgh, 7; Cincinnati, 3. Philadelphia, 5; Brooklyn, 2.

American League. Detroit, 1; Chicago, 0. New York, 3; Boston, 1. Philadelphia, 4; Washington, 0.

Western League. Sioux City, 8, 4; St. Joseph, 4, 1. Des Moines, 0, 9; Topeka, 4, 0.

Three I League. Danville, 2; Peoria, 1. Rock Island, 3; Waterloo, 0. Dubuque, 11; Davenport, 8. Springfield, 3; Bloomington, 8.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat. Minneapolis, July 29.—Wheat—July, \$1.19 1/4; Sept., \$1.11 1/4; Dec., \$1.09 1/4. On track—No. 1 hard, \$1.21; No. 1 Northern, \$1.18 1/2; No. 2 Northern, \$1.18 1/2; No. 3 Northern, \$1.12 1/2.

St. Paul Live Stock. St. Paul, July 29.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, \$5.25@5.75; fair to good, \$4.75@5.25; good to choice cows and heifers, \$4.00@4.50; veals, \$5.50@6.75. Hogs—\$7.90@8.55. Sheep—Wethers, \$3.75@4.00; yearlings, \$4.25@4.50; spring lambs, \$5.50@6.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax. Duluth, July 29.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, \$1.24 1/4; No. 1 Northern, \$1.22 1/4; No. 2 Northern, \$1.20 1/4; July, \$1.21 1/4; Sept., \$1.14 1/4; Dec., \$1.11; May, \$1.14. Flax—On track and July, \$2.56; Sept., \$2.46 1/4; Oct., \$2.34; Nov., \$2.34; Dec., \$2.38.

Chicago Grain and Provisions. Chicago, July 29.—Wheat—Sept., \$1.02 1/4@1.02 3/4; Dec., \$1.04 1/4@1.04 3/4; May, \$1.08 1/4@1.08 3/4. Corn—Sept., 62 1/2c; Dec., 60 1/2c@60 3/4c; May, 61 1/2c@62c. Oats—Sept., 35 1/2c; Dec., 38 1/2c; May, 40c. Pork—Sept., \$21.65; Jan., \$18.12 1/2. Butter—Creameries, 23c@27c; dairies, 23c@26c. Eggs—10@17c. Poultry—Turkeys, 20c; chickens, 14 1/2c; springs, 17c.

Chicago Live Stock. Chicago, July 29.—Cattle—Beesves, \$4.70@5.00; Texas steers, \$3.50@5.50; Western steers, \$4.75@6.00; stockers and feeders, \$4.00@6.25; cows and heifers, \$2.50@6.35; calves, \$6.50@8.75. Hogs—Light, \$8.50@8.85; mixed, \$8.15@8.70; heavy, \$7.80@8.60; rough, \$7.80@8.10; good to choice heavy, \$8.10@8.50; pigs, \$8.50@8.90. Sheep—Native, \$2.70@4.50; yearlings, \$4.50@5.75; lambs, \$4.50@7.50.

The secret of success is constancy of purpose.—Disraeli.

Attacked in Bulletin Signed by Gifford Pinchot.

THE CAUSE OF CONSERVATION

Former Chief Forester Gives the National Conservation Association Credit for Accomplishing a Great Deal in Its Behalf at the Recent Session of Congress—Refers to Bills Introduced by Senator Nelson.

Washington, July 30.—A spirited attack upon Secretary Ballinger's administration of the interior department is contained in a bulletin issued by the National Conservation association bearing the signature of President Gifford Pinchot. Mr. Pinchot gives the association credit for accomplishing a great deal at the recent session of congress in furthering the cause of conservation. He states that the conservation bills as originally proposed by the administration "were mostly bad." Mr. Pinchot claims that in a number of instances measures were improved as a result of the activities of officers of the association. The bulletin opens with this statement:

"The National Conservation association has substantial cause for satisfaction in the progress achieved during the session of congress just closed. In spite of all opposition, the principles for which we stand have been enacted into law in a considerable number of cases, and are represented in many bills awaiting action. More than one avenue to monopolistic grabbing of the people's property has been closed, but much still remains to be done. The friends of the conservation movement are in better position to continue the fight than seemed possible when the session of congress began."

President Pinchot refers to nine conservation bills prepared by the administration, and introduced by Senator Nelson of Minnesota, chairman of the senate committee on public lands. "These bills were mostly bad," he continues. "The timber sale bill in particular was wholly indefensible. For five of these bills, substitutes embodying conservation principles were prepared by the association, covering all important phases of the conservation programme of the administration. These were introduced by Congressman Gronna of North Dakota, and are before the congress for consideration at its next session."

Bills Advocated by Association. Mr. Pinchot enumerates the bills advocated by the association that were passed. They are the public lands withdrawal act, the Indian and the statehood acts, the Appalachian forest bill, the bill separating the surface of public land from underlying mineral and the bill creating the bureau of mines.

Among the bills opposed by the association was one granting water power sites to the states.

"The main purpose of this bill," according to Mr. Pinchot, "was to transfer to Western states all the powers and responsibilities of the national government with respect to water power development on lands owned by the nation. The association believes that the passage of this bill would put the uses of water power completely in the hands of the big water power interests and that it would give them precisely what they wanted and had sought in vain of the last congress and administration." This measure is still pending.

A bill passed despite the opposition of the association was one providing that in approving plans for dams the war department must consider the systematic development of the river for navigation and require the general plan to conform thereto. In this measure licenses for the building of dams in streams over which the government has jurisdiction are limited to fifty years. Mr. Pinchot declares, however, "that the principle of compensation to the people is recognized in so restricted a form as to be in substance nullified."

This bill, known as the general dams act, was reported from the house committee on commerce by Representative Stevens of St. Paul. Mr. Stevens invited Mr. Pinchot to appear before the committee and present his views on it. The former forester failed to appear. In discussing the matter just before adjournment friends of Mr. Stevens declared that it was unfair for Mr. Pinchot to criticize the bill, inasmuch as he had failed to take advantage of an opportunity offered to explain just what changes he thought should be made in the measure.

Killed in Auto Accident.

Rolette, N. D., July 30.—S. B. Law, residing five miles from this city, was killed in an automobile accident, his car turning turtle into a ditch while he was running at a high rate of speed. Law's death was almost instantaneous, he being caught in such a manner as to have his back and chest badly crushed. A stranger was riding with Law at the time, but escaped injury.

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Office in Dispatch Building on 5th St., opposite the Post Office.

Entered at the post office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter

SATURDAY, JULY 30, 1910.

Minnesota democrats on the water wagon, never.

The Georgia dog tax hits the state \$100,000. Of the 10,000 or more dogs in Brainerd how many of their owners pay a license and why is it not required of all who sport the luxury.

L. D. Brown, of Little Falls, has filed for the republican nomination for representative from this district. Mr. Brown is at present one of the representatives from the 48th district and seeks a reelection.

A Duluth waiter has just fallen heir to a cool \$125,000, just the estimated cost of an electric light and water plant in this city. But there doesn't seem to be any prospect of our falling heir to one in the near future.

William Jennings Bryan will not bolt after his defeat, but the question is will he be able to come back. He has the enemy's country located, however, and will not have to lose time in getting to it as it is close at home.

The democrats in state convention favored reapportionment which about cleans up the slate. If anyone thinks the Northern Minnesota Development association has not accomplished anything let them look over the pictures made.

Thirty-nine Sioux Indians are stranded in Europe on account of poor attendance at the wild west show which they were with and want Uncle Sam to pay their way back. Why not let them work it out the same as a white man would have to.

Moorhead democrats are endeavoring to place the blame for closing the saloons in that city on Congressman Steenerson. If the attempt to close had failed the dry element would have accused him of interference so it is six and a half dozen.

Why wouldn't it be a good plan for the government to release some of the surplus water it has stored in the government reservoirs at the headwaters of the Mississippi and replenish the river during the time it is needed. The reservoirs are full to overflowing and when the fall rains come the gates will have to be opened on account of capacity to hold the increase and the water will then run down stream at a time when there is not any particular need of it. If the reservoirs were established for the benefit of the people why not give it to them at a time when it would be of some benefit.

WOOD—The Hays-Weaver Milling Co. have several hundred cords of hard and soft wood at nearby points that they will sell cheap in car lots. Also a quantity of the very finest wood at the mill, hard maple and jack pine, at from \$3.50 to \$5.00 per cord. Call them up when you want wood. 4416

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

Mrs. A. G. Keen went to Anoka today.

See H. P. Dunn's book ad on page four.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Dingman went to Litchfield today.

Mrs. T. J. Tyler, of Deerwood, was in the city yesterday.

Ed Davies, of Pine River, is in the city today on business.

R. E. Knutsen, the piano tuner, went to Wadena this noon.

Mrs. James E. Brady and Mrs. H. B. Day went to Chicago today.

Mrs. E. K. Medlar, of Eveleth, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Ed. Peters.

Dr. J. L. Camp went to Deerwood yesterday on professional business.

Mr. and Mrs. James Ames, of Cedar Lake, arrived in the city today.

Miss Catherine Bone has returned from a visit at Crosby and Deerwood.

See D. M. Clark & Co. for plumbing and heating. 311f

Dr. L. A. Faulkner, of Pequot, is in the city today on professional business.

H. P. Dunn has a great display of new books in his window at special prices. t2

Miss Emma Bartling went to St. Cloud today to attend the normal school.

Mrs. F. S. Parker and daughter, Miss Ruth Parker, came from Parksville today.

Mrs. Israel Potvin, of Minneapolis, arrived this afternoon to visit Mrs. John Favrou.

W. H. Spurrier, Jr., of the Pine River Improvement Co., arrived on this noon's train.

John T. Frater, Indian agent at Onigum, arrived this noon, and will spend some time in the city.

Store your household good with D. M. Clark & Co. 311f

The Misses Edna Chase and Louise Griffith, of Walker, visited a short time in the city yesterday.

L. Knudson, the surveyor, came from Deerwood today where he has been doing some surveying.

Archdeacon H. P. Parshall, of Cass Lake, arrived this noon and left this afternoon for the Twin Cities.

Heath & Milligan paints are best. We sell them. D. M. Clark & Co. 311f

Master Thomas Willis went to Staples today to visit at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John Corkery.

George J. Silk, the genial editor of the Pine River Sentinel, is in the city today transacting business.

M. Martinsen, secretary of Congressman C. A. Lindbergh, arrived this afternoon from Little Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Guyett, of Hibbing, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Gust Raymond of 615 South Sixth St.

Mrs. Low, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Long, returned today from an outing at Blackduck lake.

When you want the very best

Be sure to order

OCCIDENT

E. H. Bartlett, the postmaster of Hackensack, is in the city today to attend the postmasters convention.

Mrs. George A. McKinley returned today from a two months visit at Mankato with friends and relatives.

Raymond Wheat, who has been visiting Mrs. Susan Whitford and family, returned today to his home in Chicago.

Roy W. Brown, who has been visiting Judge J. H. Warner and family, returned to his home in Scotland, S. D., today.

Miss Bertha Dauberman, of St. Paul, arrived today to visit the parents of Deputy Sheriff Claus Theorin at Deerwood.

The water color pictures of Mrs. Emma Costello now on exhibition at Loxey & Dean's are for sale. 4713

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Nebel, visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Ryan, left today for their home in LaCrosse, Wis.

Rev. Beaulieu, of White Earth, will hold the 8:30 and 10:30 services at St. Paul's Episcopal church on Sunday, July 31st.

Mrs. John Corkery and two children, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Fraser, returned to their home in Staples today.

Mrs. J. Zabel and Virgil Zabel and Miss Agnes Schilling, of St. Paul, arrived this afternoon to visit Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Fallon.

J. A. Stetson, of Deerwood, yesterday closed a deal whereby he becomes the owner of the Anderson forty located in section 4-46-28.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Kaley and Miss Kaley, of St. Paul, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Wieland at Robert, returned to their home today.

Mrs. T. Canfield, Miss Nellie Canfield, Miss Nora Hurley and Miss Margaret Canfield went to Deerwood yesterday for a short outing.

Louis Peterson, who was recently brought from Deerwood to the Northwestern hospital, was operated on this morning for some internal trouble.

The Misses Marie Alice, Carrie and Anna Hammer left today for their home in Missoula, Mont., after enjoying a pleasant visit with friends in the city.

P. H. McGarry, candidate for congress, from Walker, is in the city.

Mrs. J. P. Young and daughter, of Bemidji, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Hawkins.

Henry Spalding, proprietor of the Spalding hotel at Crosby, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Spalding was recently elected a village trustee of his home town.

Now is the time to buy that lawn mower and lawn sprinkler. D. M. Clark & Co. 301f

The Mississippi & Rum River drive is at Olmstead bar with a crew of two hundred and twenty-five men and sixteen horses. Judd Freeman has full charge of the rear, with Ed Lavoie as second or straw boss.

Rev. W. J. Lowrie of the First Presbyterian church, returned last night from Bemidji where he attended the Bible conference. He will preach tomorrow which will be the last Sunday services before his annual vacation.

James J. Regan, of St. Paul, who has been in Brainerd on many lodge occasions and who will be remembered by many as having delivered the St. Patrick's address, was recently elected national president of the Ancient Order of Hibernians.

Schmidt's bottle beer, famous for quality. Order a case. Telephone 164. John Coates Liquor Co. 2821f

Elmer Stanton, aged 4 years and two months, died on July 28th of congestion of the lungs. The funeral will be held on Sunday afternoon from the little Mission church in Northeast Brainerd, Rev. Hilton, of the Baptist church, officiating.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Hornbeck of Willmar, are visiting friends in this city. Mr. Hornbeck was a resident of Brainerd 23 years ago, being employed by the Northern Pacific company when the headquarters of the road were here, in the train dispatcher's office.

The Brainerd City band will give a concert tomorrow afternoon at Lum park, beginning at 3 o'clock. Launches will be on hand to take all visitors to and from the park. If sufficient encouragement is given the boys in this new departure it is hoped to make this a regular feature for Sunday afternoons.

Muralto, the sanitary wall finish, in all colors, is cheaper and better than wall paper. D. M. Clark & Co. 301f

The new Phillips building is rapidly approaching completion. On July 5th the bricklayers commenced laying brick and yesterday they finished their part of the work. Today the cornice is being placed in position. The contractor, Emil Johnson, of Minneapolis, has certainly established a record for fast work.

The W. C. T. U. will hold its annual meeting on Monday afternoon August 1st at three o'clock at the residence of Mrs. W. A. M. Johnston. After the annual election of officers for the ensuing year important business will be transacted in regard to a lecture to be given here on August 16th by Mrs. Mary Harris Armour, of Georgia, the first president of the W. C. T. U. of Georgia, of which further notice will be given. All members are requested to be present. The treasurer desires to meet all who are in arrears in regard to dues.

Mr. and Mrs. William F. Holst, of 421 4th street, recently entertained in honor of Mrs. James Towers, who was a visitor at their home. The following people spent a very pleasant evening there and were Mr. and Mrs. James Hayes, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin F. Evenson, Mr. and Mrs. Felix Graham, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Caulfield, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Temple, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Senn, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Walters, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Stanley, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Holst, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Fricker, Mrs. J. Plummer and daughter and son Chris and Miss Maud, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Miller, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Holst, Mrs. James Towers' Jr., of Richmond, Cal., and Mrs. George Burtrum. Refreshments of ice cream and cake were served.

FIRE LAST NIGHT

An Early Morning Fire Destroys the Barn of Howard Skinner and Damages Barron Shed

The fire department was called out at 3:25 this morning to Northeast Brainerd where the barn of Howard Skinner, 422 N. E. 4th Ave. was discovered to be on fire. The fire had such a start that the structure burned to the ground.

The wood shed of street commissioner William Barron, 414 N. E. 6th Ave. was soon aflame and the department concentrated its efforts on this and the surrounding buildings. The water pressure was good and the hose worked satisfactorily.

The Barron wood shed is a total loss, some of the wood stored in the shed being saved. Their loss, which is nominal, was not covered by insurance. The barn belonging to Howard Skinner was insured in the Henry I. Cohen agency for \$250.

The envious man pines in plenty, like Tantalus up to the chin in water and yet thirsty.—T. Adams.

RUGS

We carry the latest patterns in rugs, stair carpets, hall runners, lace curtains and portiers, at Oppen's. 716 Laurel St. (Terms Easy) 2941f

I Can Show You

SOME SNAPS IN BRAINERD
CITY PROPERTY

Start to buy now, don't wait and tell your friend, "I could have bought that place for so and so much in 1910." Yes sir, you are making a mistake if you want a home or have a little ready money and don't make an investment now.

ONLY ONE OF THE MANY SNAPS
Nice little place on paved street, east frontage, cement walks, two lots on corner at Only \$650.

Very neat little place on S. Sixth St., two lots, walks, trees, etc.—At Only \$650.

House of six rooms, two lots on corner, walks, trees, etc., barn. This is one that you would be satisfied with—\$1050.

Two nice little houses in N. E. Brainerd that rents for seven dollars apiece. Don't you think this is cheap at only—For the two—\$1000.

AN ESTATE TO BE SETTLED

Two small houses on Pine St. S. E. —Each \$550.

Two houses on E. Norwood St., good location and at \$700 and \$800.

Let us show you these.

A very fine piece in S. E. Brainerd on corner of three lots; cottage of six rooms. An ideal home for one employed in the shops—\$1200.

House and barn on three valuable lots on corner and S. Fifth street.

House needs some repair, but can give some one a bargain—lots alone are worth what we can get this for you. Good title or no sale. We are looking for offers on this.

A NORTH SIDE HOME.

One of the best built homes in the city with very best location. Eight rooms, modern all through except heat. And a little under three thousand will get this. Owner says "sell!"

MODERN NORTH SIDE COTTAGE

A very neat little cottage of five rooms with bath, two good lots and in best location with east frontage. Terms—At only \$2500.

You will be surprised to know that this seven room cottage is placed on sale. Almost brand new, hardwood floors, bath, and in fact everything you want. This was built for "keeps". If you are looking for something good, something you always wished for, see me for price and terms.

Brick veneer house of six rooms on corner and two lots. Good location in S. E. Brainerd. For quick sale with terms at \$1100.

Three houses on north side in very good location; trees, walks, etc.; south and east frontage. Can offer separately or altogether. Am prepared to give a very close figure on this.

HERE IS ONE THAT YOU WANT.

Neat little five room house on S. Fifth street, one and one half lots. Can give reasonable terms—\$700.

Five room house on E. Norwood St. S. E. in good location at only \$550.

Here is one close to the shops and on Main St., with two nice lots—Terms given—\$800.

Very fine home on the best street on north side containing about nine rooms, trees, walks, bath, hardwood floors; three lots with east frontage. Can give reasonable terms—\$3000.

Eight room house on Bluff Ave. in fine condition inside. This is certainly a bargain. Can give terms—\$800.

Good house of about five rooms in Pine and only one door off from S. Seventh. Good location—At only \$900.

Four of the finest lots on south side; trees, etc. Am prepared to give very close price on these—Make the offer.

Two of the best lots on Third and close to Juniper street on north side; walks, etc.—\$500.

Only a few locations like these left in the city.

These are only a very small part of our listings. If you don't find just what you want come up and let me know—Perhaps I have just what you have been looking for.

If you have property in the city or lands that you want quick returns on, list it with me.

WE ARE IN TOUCH WITH BUYERS—TRY IT

Ask for our listing of farm or mineral lands and map.

R. J. Tinkelpaugh

"Upstairs"

First National Bank Building

ATTENTION EVERYBODY

Having bought the Plumbing and Heating business lately conducted by Mr. Frank J. Murphy, we are prepared to do any work in that line.

Mr. Chas. Stedfield the well known plumber is in charge of this department.

Let us figure on your work or do your repairing.

All work promptly attended to and guaranteed.

D. M. CLARK & CO

UNDERTAKERS AND FUNERAL DIRECTORS

508 Laurel Street

BANE'S

Real Estate Agency

One house on the south side—pay \$50.00 and move in, balance easy—\$700.00.

Large house, barn, three lots, fine trees—Pay \$300 down balance easy—\$1650.

Fine home on North Fir St.—Easy payment—\$1000.

Small cottage on north side—Part Cash—\$500.

Houses and lots all over Northeast Brainerd at very low prices and easy terms. For instance, if you want to build I will sell you a lot for only \$10.00 cash payment, balance monthly.

Cottage on north Ninth St., second block from Kingwood—\$1450.

SUMMER RESORTS

Twenty-three and 42-100th acres on beautiful Pelican lake—1-2 cash—\$350.

One hundred and Thirty acres on Love and Long lakes—Very cheap—Easy terms. Make me an offer on this as it has to go to settle an estate.

Eighty acres on Fishtrap lake, house, barn, fields, fences and other improvements. This will become very valuable as the Gull river dam will make it possible to go into eight or ten lakes in a launch from this land—\$700 Cash and \$500 on easy terms—Total \$1200.

RANCHES

We have several large and small ranches, some 320, 450, 150 and 160 acres, at prices from \$10 per acre up.

From \$200 to \$500 drop on nearly all of our houses, and non-residents say sell. See us now as the dry weather has affected prices temporarily.

BANE'S

REAL ESTATE OFFICE

BANE BLOCK

Dispatch Ads Bring Good Results.

The Elevator Man's Joke.
Hobbs—I guess the elevator is out of order. What is that sign on the door?
Dobbs—The elevator man must be a bit of a wag. It says, "Please pardon me for not rising."—Boston Transcript.

Hedging.
Clergyman—Will you take this woman until death? Prospective Bride groom—Isn't there any minimum sentence?—New York Press.

Furniture and Rugs
We have a complete line of furniture, rugs, lace curtains, portiers, molium and house furnishings. Cash or credit. Terms easy. Picture framing, McNamar & Co., Laurel St., Imperial block, Undertakers and funeral directors. 391f

OUR CHIEF SURGEON

For patients who can come to the Office, our Chief Surgeon, by Plastic Surgery, quickly removes every facial blemish and corrects perfectly all disfigurements of the Face, Neck, Mouth, Chin and Nose, without medicine, knife or pain. All work guaranteed. New look—let just out, sent free for 2 cent stamp. Write to day address

EARLE INSTITUTE
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Boat Supplies

When you want anything in the line of carburetors, spark coils, magnetos, timers, generators, lamps or complete engines, call at

1813 Kingwood St.

WHITE BROS.

GOOD BYE TO THE SUMMER SCHOOL

Summer School for Cass and Crow Wing Counties Had its Last Session Friday

GIVE ENTERTAINING PROGRAM

Pupils and Teachers Present a "Grid-iron Club" Entertainment Full of Wit and Humor

Yesterday will be a long remembered day by the teachers and students of the Brainerd summer training school.

Seven young ladies, one acting as chairman and each of the remaining six representing one of the faculty, took charge of the closing exercises. Miss Adeline McMannis acting as chairman conducted the exercises. Opening address by chairman: "Before we take the reigns of government in our own hands we will permit Mr. Dyer to read what he has prepared for us." To this Mr. Dyer responded by reciting two very humorous selections which were thoroughly enjoyed by all.

Miss Chairman—"We the summer school student, have revolted against the tyranny of Mr. Dyer and his retinue and do hereby declare the beginning of a new era. The leading nobility of the vanquished power are requested to take back seats while the feeling of the populous is voiced."

The faculty having taken back seats, the new faculty came forward and became seated on the platform.

Chairman—"We will now hear from our brilliant cobbler."

Miss Irene Cosgrove, (impersonating Mr. Shoemaker.)

A little boy came
To our town one day,
With a shy sweet smile
And eyes big and gray.

He knew so much,
That the wonder grew,
That one small head
Carried all he knew.

Hygiene, bathing,
Adenoids and such,
We wonder if experience
Has taught him this much.

He has little to say,
Is afraid of us all,
But he'll outgrow that,
Remember, he's small.

But he knows how to teach
The students all say,
And this is our verdict,
Shoemaker's, O. K.

Chairman—"Nor-is" the next no less brilliant.

Miss Theresa Hoerner (impersonating Miss Norris.)

"I speak of one who is dear to us all,
An expert in grammar—good judge of baseball;

She can't trill her r's however she tries,
But the way she says "Gobble" brings tears to our eyes.

We've learned how to read, now if never before,
We all love Miss Norris the Queen of the corps.

Chairman—"Be patient, we (will soon) be through."

Miss Rachael Roderick (impersonating Mr. J. A. Wilson.)

Here's to our good superintendent.

The kind, helpful friend of us all,

No matter how busy we find him,
He'll always respond to our call.

His faithful efficient service, our rural school standard has raised,
His competent, keen supervision and thoroughness should be praised.

There's no use in trying to loiter,
We're always help up to the mark,

No matter what mischief is brewing,
We cannot keep him in the dark.

But just the same he's a "good fellow"

(Remember our treat circus day)
He can tell a good joke and enjoy one,

He wants us to be happy and gay,
He'll challenge our teacher in grammar.

And enjoy the exciting debate,
It's fun to hear these encounters.

Though who wins, we never can state.

So here's to our friend, Mr. Wilson,

May he be with us many a year,
Till the excellent schools in our county.

Are recognized far and near.

Chairman—"She, Probst"—now probe."

Miss Lula Fuller (impersonating Miss Probst.)

In conjugating the verb "probe" I person I probe, second person, you probe, 3rd person, he probes,

I find Probst in the second person, as summer school, however, has

the infinite pleasure of a Probst the first person.

To summon this Probst of the first person we must call in a nice, big, ice, "Come! Pig Pig!"

Her most marvelous achievement

was the fashioning of a turkey that has been heard gobbling in the reading room.

The summer school has learned much through her teachings.

1st. That pupils very easily develop the "blues" that must be treated with a few moments bath.

2nd. That good writing is a matter of 2 per cent inspiration and 98 per cent perspiration.

3rd. That pine trees are a matter of only a few daubs.

4th. That the abc's may be tunelessly taught.

5th. That bathing suits are necessary for swimming.

And other things to numerous to mention.

We all sadly bid farewell to Miss Probst as she journeys home on her hobby, the table of 4s.

Chairman—"Our New-Man."

Miss Marie English (impersonating Mr. Newman.)

We have heard much about the new woman.

In newspaper, story and verse, The stories they tell are just dreadful.

But the tales about New-man are worse.

They say that his voice is a trumpet.

A trombone and screech owl in one.

It fills all the rooms, halls and stairways.

The loudest thing under the sun.

His manners are quite individual.

The half of it's never been told.

'Tis said he's attempted caresses.

But has promptly been turned down cold.

He is fond of his little toy auto.

It's noisy and shiney and red.

But a naughty stump fractured its flywheel.

Poor Newman—enough has been said.

Chairman—"Last but not least, our 'Dyer.'"

Miss Hallie M. King (impersonating Mr. Dyer.)

Mr. Dyer's the theme of my story.

Our brilliant conductor and friend,

I could talk of him more than an hour.

But have'n't the time to spend.

He's an expert in teaching his subjects.

In History he is just great.

To tell what we've learned in our Civics.

Would take a long time to relate.

Not only is he a teacher.

But he's a good fellow as well.

He knows how to tell a good story.

'Tis said he can sing and dance well.

He's kept us at work every minute.

We've had just the training we need.

In behalf of the school I thank you—

Mr. Dyer—we bid you God speed.

Mr. Wilson was then called on to speak to the faculty and students.

He reviewed the work done by the teachers and students giving words of praise and heartfelt thanks to all who did their share in helping to make the Brainerd summer school the brilliant success it has been.

The chairman called for a standing vote of thanks to be extended to our superintendent and the summer school faculty, which was quickly responded to.

Mr. Dyer gave the closing address and issued the certificates of attendance to all students.

Under the leadership of Miss Probst the school closed with the singing of America.

A LEGISLATIVE CANDIDATE

Walter C. Hinman, a Former Brainerd Boy, Will Try for the Legislature in Washington

The Spokane Daily Chronicle contains the following notice of the candidacy of a former Brainerd boy, a graduate of the Brainerd high school, who is entering the field of politics in the west with a good show of winning. The Dispatch is indebted to R. E. Dickinson, of North Yakima for the item. The Chronicle says:

"I expect to file my candidacy for the legislature in the Fourth Representative district within a few days," announced Walter C. Hinman, chairman of the Spokane county republican central committee.

"Mr. Hinman has been a resident of Spokane for the last four years and during that time has taken an active part in local republican politics. He is now serving as secretary of the republican central committee. He announces that he will take the statutory pledge for the party choice for United States senator.

Mr. Hinman is 29 years of age and a prominent member of the Washington National Guard. He is second lieutenant in Company I of Spokane."

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY—Try it.

A Dreadful Wound

from a knife, gun, tin can, rusty nail, saw, or any of our many natures, demands prompt treatment with Buckle's Arnica Salve to prevent blood poisoning or gangrene. It's the quickest, surest healer for all such wounds as also for burns, boils, sores, skin eruptions, eczema, chapped hands, corns or piles. 25c at all druggists.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY.

DELEGATES ARE NAMED

President Halsted, of the Commercial Club, Names Delegates to Conservation Congress

A. J. Halsted, president of the Commercial club has received a communication from B. N. Baker, president of the Second National Conservation Congress which meets in St. Paul on Sept. 6 to 8, asking him to appoint three delegates, in addition to himself, to represent the city on that occasion.

The meeting will be an important one and will be attended by men of prominence from various parts of the country. The object of the meeting will be to afford an agency through which the people of the country may frame policies and principles affecting the conservation and utilization of their resources to be put into effect by their representatives in state and federal governments. Mr. Halsted will be a member of the delegation and he has appointed Dr. W. Hemstead, R. R. Wise and N. H. Ingersoll as the other representatives.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY.

WILL CURTAIL MAIL DELIVERY

Department Issues Orders to Cut Expense During Vacation Time of City Carriers

MONEY ORDER SYSTEM CHANGED

New Style of Order Adopted—Change in the Registry Business is Also Inaugurated

In order to curtail the expense and keep the same within the amount appropriated the postoffice department has requested the different postoffices where free delivery is in operation to reduce the service to one delivery a day in the outlying residence portion of their carrier districts. This is done so that where possible the carriers can double, serving their own district in the forenoon and that of the carrier absent on vacation in the afternoon giving one complete delivery where two has been made during the time specified and thus saving the pay of a substitute during the time the regular carrier is absent on annual leave with pay, fifteen days exclusive of Sundays and holidays being given to every carrier in the employ of the government and which is usually taken at this time of the year. The time covered by this curtailed service will be thirty days and during that time the territory covered by carriers four and six in southeast and northeast Brainerd will receive but one complete delivery a day, the northeast delivery being made in the forenoon and the southeast in the afternoon. The other routes in the city will also be rearranged to a certain extent and some parts of the residence portion will only receive one delivery a day, the carriers on all the routes being required to work up to the limit of time allowed by the rules. This new schedule will be put in operation on Thursday morning of next week, August 4th, and will be continued for a period of thirty days after which time the former schedule will be resumed.

Radical changes in the money order department has been inaugurated by the postoffice department, and are to take effect before January 1st. A new money order has been adopted and the advice letter now sent to the paying office by the issuing office is to be abolished. The new arrangement will do away with a large amount of work by the department. It is a question as to the popularity of the change by business houses doing a large business and who receive their remittances by money order, as it is the custom to notify the payee if the order is not presented for payment promptly and as this is a notice to the business man that some one has sent him a money order he looks the matter up. This system will be abolished under the new rule which has already gone into effect in some of the larger offices and will sooner or later be the rule in every office issuing money orders. It is expected that the new orders will not be put into use in the Brainerd office before the first of the year as the stock of orders now on hand will accommodate the business until nearly that time and it is not the policy of the department to take up the new forms until the old ones are exhausted.

The department has notified all postmasters of a change in the registry business which affects the return receipt. The amendment to the former regulations providing for registry return receipts provides that postmasters shall not in future prepare return receipt card for return to senders of domestic registered letters or parcels that do not bear the words "receipt desired" or words of similar import. When an article bearing such an endorsement is received for registration the registration receipt issued to the sender and the registration record shall be similarly endorsed. Postal employees must in accepting mail for registration ask if a return receipt is desired and if so and the sender has not so endorsed the letter or parcel the clerk or postmaster receiving the same shall so endorse it.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY.

CONGRESSMAN LINDBERGH

Talks to the Postmasters at Their District Convention in this City

The following is the address of Congressman Lindbergh to the Third and Fourth class postmasters who are in session in this city today, the district comprising the counties of Hubbard, Wadena, Crow Wing and Aitkin counties. The convention will conclude its work this afternoon.

Mr. Lindbergh said in substance: In industrial and political development, as long as there is room to work along individual lines, people are more independent and rely upon their own initiative. Now, so much in the field of action is occupied, and the method of living is so complex, that those desiring place, change, or promotion, often find it necessary to displace others. Contest is of common occurrence. To minimize individual difficulties growing out of competition, selfish sometimes, and sometimes natural, organizations are national. In the ordinary sense, nations are not of class creation. A nation is presumably an ideal federation, having for its supreme purpose the maintenance of the common welfare. All organizations should be consistent with that national idea.

There are general things to which all good organizations give credit, and are matters for practice, rather than for public discussion. These I could commend in general terms, but your Postmaster's Association is maintained for practical purposes, to deal principally with problems peculiar to postmasters, and therefore I shall direct a few of my remarks to them.

Generally, it is supposed that postmasters are politicians, and that their positions depend upon the accidents of politics. Naturally, they are politicians. Naturally, too, they desire to be removed from the influence of the accidents of politics. The only way that may be done is to make politics natural. It is a mark of high citizenship of interest in government. No citizen, whether holding office or not, should be removed from that sphere of influence either in impression or expression, provided always the purpose is consistent. You are entitled to the highest of citizenship, without menacing your occupation as postmasters. But to do that, you must treat politics as national and not personal. If politics are conducted principally on personal lines, there will be the uncertainty from which your profession suffers. The present contest between the factions of political parties is not so materially a contest on house rules, or senate control, or speaker ship or leaders, as it is to establish national control, rather than continue individual control. Once that idea is in force, everything will move with certainty and progress. That is what we want, also, in the administration of the Post Office Department.

Most of us would have civil service apply to postmasters. Civil service is abused and is the subject of much bad practice, but the idea of civil service is right. But even civil service should never create a system where those within would become an independent selfclass, removed from public control. Civil service should not proffer the citizenship of one locality for officers or servants or others, nor force on people a service they object to. Each locality should maintain its own influence over the purpose of its people. Home rule is a consistent doctrine, and no system should be permitted that does not leave the citizenship of each locality in control of its own affairs.

You are now subject to the absolute control of a department. That department, except as to postmasters, is largely under civil service practice. It has even attempted to apply civil service to postmasters, but the idea has, in many cases, been sacrificed and individual prejudice substituted, and civil service has suffered thereby.

The specific object of your association is correct. I believe good will result from your efforts.

I have investigated, with considerable care, the practices of the department with references to the dismissal and appointment of postmasters. Theoretically the system rests upon as good a basis, probably, as any autocratic department could, but that department is as autocratic in many respects as the Czar of Russia. Some things that take place within its control are as obnoxious to the American idea as some of the most objectionable things that take place under the Russian government.

In 1905, the department published a rule as a guide in the re-appointment of postmasters in service. The rule, if honestly followed, would be a creditable one, but the practice under the rule makes it one of the department's discredit. I know of cases in this and other districts, where the rule has had no force whatever, except to serve politicians to cover up crooked work. Postmasters who were competent to, and did perform their duties and were satisfactory to the people, have been removed for political purposes.

The method applied is a simple one. If the department, or some person with political influences there, desire to remove a competent postmaster to give place to a favorite, an examiner is sent to examine the post office. He may, or may not, inform the postmaster. He might not even

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Radical changes in the money order department has been inaugurated by the postoffice department, and are to take effect before January 1st. A new money order has been adopted and the advice letter now sent to the paying office by the issuing office is to be abolished. The new arrangement will do away with a large amount of work by the department. It is a question as to the popularity of the change by business houses doing a large business and who receive their remittances by money order, as it is the custom to notify the payee if the order is not presented for payment promptly and as this is a notice to the business man that some one has sent him a money order he looks the matter up. This system will be abolished under the new rule which has already gone into effect in some of the larger offices and will sooner or later be the rule in every office issuing money orders. It is expected that the new orders will not be put into use in the Brainerd office before the first of the year as the stock of orders now on hand will accommodate the business until nearly that time and it is not the policy of the department to take up the new forms until the old ones are exhausted.

The department has notified all postmasters of a change in the registry business which affects the return receipt. The amendment to the former regulations providing for registry return receipts provides that postmasters shall not in future prepare return receipt card for return to senders of domestic registered letters or parcels that do not bear the words "receipt desired" or words of similar import. When an article bearing such an endorsement is received for registration the registration receipt issued to the sender and the registration record shall be similarly endorsed. Postal employees must in accepting mail for registration ask if a return receipt is desired and if so and the sender has not so endorsed the letter or parcel the clerk or postmaster receiving the same shall so endorse it.

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY.

CONGRESSMAN LINDBERGH

Talks to the Postmasters at Their District Convention in this City

The following is the address of Congressman Lindbergh to the Third and Fourth class postmasters who are in session in this city today, the district comprising the counties of Hubbard, Wadena, Crow Wing and Aitkin counties. The convention will conclude its work this afternoon.

Mr. Lindbergh said in substance: In industrial and political development, as long as there is room to work along individual lines, people are more independent and rely upon their own initiative. Now, so much in the field of action is occupied, and the method of living is so complex, that those desiring place, change, or promotion, often find it necessary to displace others. Contest is of common occurrence. To minimize individual difficulties growing out of competition, selfish sometimes, and sometimes natural, organizations are national. In the ordinary sense, nations are not of class creation. A nation is presumably an ideal federation, having for its supreme purpose the maintenance of the common welfare. All organizations should be consistent with that national idea.

There are general things to which all good organizations give credit, and are matters for practice, rather than for public discussion. These I could commend in general terms, but your Postmaster's Association is maintained for practical purposes, to deal principally with problems peculiar to postmasters, and therefore I shall direct a few of my remarks to them.

Generally, it is supposed that postmasters are politicians, and that their positions depend upon the accidents of politics. Naturally, they are politicians. Naturally, too, they desire to be removed from the influence of the accidents of politics. The only way that may be done is to make politics natural. It is a mark of high citizenship of interest in government. No citizen, whether holding office or not, should be removed from that sphere of influence either in impression or expression, provided always the purpose is consistent. You are entitled to the highest of citizenship, without menacing your occupation as postmasters. But to do that, you must treat politics as national and not personal. If politics are conducted principally on personal lines, there will be the uncertainty from which your profession suffers. The present contest between the factions of political parties is not so materially a contest on house rules, or senate control, or speaker ship or leaders, as it is to establish national control, rather than continue individual control. Once that idea is in force, everything will move with certainty and progress. That is what we want, also, in the administration of the Post Office Department.

Most of us would have civil service apply to postmasters. Civil service is abused and is the subject of much bad practice, but the idea of civil service is right. But even civil service should never create a system where those within would become an independent selfclass, removed from public control. Civil service should not proffer the citizenship of one locality for officers or servants or others, nor force on people a service they object to. Each locality should maintain its own influence over the purpose of its people. Home rule is a consistent doctrine, and no system should be permitted that does not leave the citizenship of each locality in control of its own affairs.

You are now subject to the absolute control of a department. That department, except as to postmasters, is largely under civil service practice. It has even attempted to apply civil service to postmasters, but the idea has, in many cases, been sacrificed and individual prejudice substituted, and civil service has suffered thereby.

The specific object of your association is correct. I believe good will result from your efforts.

I have investigated, with considerable care, the practices of the department with references to the dismissal and appointment of postmasters. Theoretically the system rests upon as good a basis, probably, as any autocratic department could, but that department is as autocratic in many respects as the Czar of Russia. Some things that take place within its control are as obnoxious to the American idea as some of the most objectionable things that take place under the Russian government.

In 1905, the department published a rule as a guide in the re-appointment of postmasters in service. The rule, if honestly followed, would be a creditable one, but the practice under the rule makes it one of the department's discredit. I know of cases in this and other districts, where the rule has had no force whatever, except to serve politicians to cover up crooked work. Postmasters who were competent to, and did perform their duties and were satisfactory to the people, have been removed for political purposes.

The method applied is a simple one. If the department, or some person with political influences there, desire to remove a competent postmaster to give place to a favorite, an examiner is sent to examine the post office. He may, or may not, inform the postmaster. He might not even

see the postmaster, but makes a few inquiries, and reports to the department that the postmaster should be removed, giving some kind of statement on which to base his recommendation. His statement, ordinarily, would be accepted by the department without question, and the postmaster removed without a hearing, and without even knowing the charges on which his removal is based.

I hold in my pocket now a notice issued by the department, that a certain postmaster was a good and efficient postmaster, and that he should be reappointed because of the efficiency of his services. Within a few days after the service of that notice, certain political influences caused another inspector to be sent to make examination. The service of the old postmaster was good and satisfactory, and he had complied with the law, and the patrons of the office were satisfied. The second inspector, in some way, knew the purpose of his going. By what method he secured his knowledge, I know not, but he furnished the department with a report on which to remove the postmaster, and a new postmaster was appointed. The new postmaster is also a man of the highest standing. Every citizen of the community respect and honor him, and he will give first class service, so that no public harm occurred in the case to which I refer, excepting the harm done by the example of a great department publishing a rule to the country by which its integrity and the integrity of the system is supposed to rest, and then violating it. By a subterfuge it evades the rule, and discriminates an honored citizen. He had no means of protecting himself from the implied incompetency, resulting from that action.

To hold office, is on a vested right. I do not attach so much importance to the removal as I do the right of every person to be protected in his consistent acts. I could cite numerous cases of injustice done to the reputation of honest, capable postmasters, by subjecting them to conditions that imply discredit, whereas the truth is, they were the victims of political manipulation. Sometimes it does injustice by keeping incompetent men in and at other times it turns good men out.

I protest, and shall continue to protest, against a great Department visiting upon any citizen an implied charge of violating the laws, without giving an opportunity to be heard in his own defense, and to justify before his countrymen his conduct.

Another arbitrary rule has been issued by the Department, prohibiting postmasters from appealing to their representatives in congress for their influence in securing regulations and passing laws to better regulate the system. The penalty for violation is dismissal from service. That is un-American. You are permitted to say to me today what you believe might be an improvement upon the system. Because I happen to be your member, the rule closes your mouths. I am not, however, tied down by an autocratic department. My experience may be as free as my belief.

I shall be glad to learn of any violations of principle that may occur anywhere in the service. I shall not be afraid to speak out in favor of correction for you under the present rules of the Department to make of such complaints to me regarding what may seem like erroneous or bad practice by the department, nevertheless, I assure you, that I approve heartily of your association and I believe in your higher citizenship and that it is your duty, collectively, in your associated capacity, to present to the public, and to me as a public servant, and grievances or difficulties that you think ought to be remedied. Present them collectively as citizens acquiring a knowledge through the experience of your position. Grievances stated under such conditions cannot bring down upon you the wrath of the department in such way as to harm you.

Congress is authorized by the constitution to enact such laws as will be best suited to the general public

in the regulation of the postoffice department.

I do not assume that you feel like complaining, but I know that you are practically subject to some conditions that are not the best. The postoffice department as a whole is slow, but it is generally speaking, progressing to better conditions.

FUNERAL OF JAMES BOARDWELL

The Main Slain at Walker was Buried in Brainerd Yesterday Afternoon

The funeral of the late James Boardwell who was slain at Walker was held yesterday afternoon, the body being shipped to Brainerd for burial, Losey & Dean having charge of the funeral arrangements.

At the services at the grave in Evergreen cemetery, Rev. Charles Fox Davis officiated, preaching a most eloquent sermon. Mrs. James Boardwell, her son Earl Hoover and numerous friends and relatives from Walker and other places were present.

Morris-Wold

At the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Merton B. Congdon, 522 4th Ave. N., a very pretty wedding took place at 10 o'clock this morning, the bride being a sister of Mrs. Congdon, Miss Olga Wohl, of Drummond, Wis., and the groom being Charles W. Morris, of Frazee, Minn. The circle witnessing the ceremony was composed of immediate relatives only and simplicity marked the entire affair. The bride was unattended at the improvised altar, and each took their vows as given in the short ring service of the Methodist Episcopal church, the Rev. Charles Fox Davis being the officiating clergyman. Pret

Popular Books

for Summer Reading

When you are preparing for your summer's vacation don't forget the books. Many a restful vacation hour may be spent reading. Those who visit you will appreciate your wisdom and forethought when they find these popular books at your camp or cottage. We give a partial list of the really good stories that may be had at our store in these editions. Complete list free, call, phone or write for it.

The Man in Lower Ten.....Mary Roberts Rinehart
The Scarlet Feather.....Houghton Townley
The Three Keys.....Frederic Ormond
Breakers Ahead.....A. Maynard Barbour
The Iron Heel.....Jack London
Jewel: a Chapter in her Life.....Clara Louise Burnham
Jewel's Story Book.....Clara Louise Burnham
The Riverman.....Stewart Edward White
The Web of the Golden Spider.....Frederic Orin Bartlett
The Firing Line.....Robert W. Chambers
The Other Side of the Door.....Lucia Chamberlain
Infatuation.....Lloyd Osbourne
Together.....Robert Herrick
The Forsaken Inn.....Anna Katharine Green

THE FIRM LINE
THE THREE KEYS
A MILLION A MINUTE
PRINCESS
THE IRON HEEL
THE SCARLET FEATHER
THE THREE KEYS
A MILLION A MINUTE
PRINCESS
THE IRON HEEL
THE SCARLET FEATHER
THE THREE KEYS
A MILLION A MINUTE
PRINCESS

H. P. DUNN, Druggist

SCARPOLOGY LATEST SCIENCE

Footwear Indication of Character, Ascertains Swims.

Those who have hitherto been interested in analyzing the down at heel condition of a section of their fellow creatures may be pleased to hear that they have been dabbling in a science distinguished by the name of scarpology, of which Dr. Garrier of Basel, Switzerland, is the chief exponent. It is the art of knowing men and women by the examination of their footwear.

Criminal investigators as well as others who wish to read character accurately cannot afford to disregard scarpology, says the doctor. Given a pair of shoes worn by their owner for at least two months and he can tell the character, disposition and habits of the wearer. By careful practice you may in a few minutes gauge a man at his worth simply by glancing at his feet.

Roughly speaking, the chief indications of character lie in the manner and proportion in which the soles and heels are worn out. Beware of the man who wears out the toe and the external edge of the sole simultaneously, says Dr. Garrier. He will almost invariably turn out a crook. It is up to the crooks now to disguise their feet.

WOODPECKER'S ZEAL PUTS HIM ON STATE EMBLEM.

War on Insects Recognized on Washington Coat of Arms.

The downy woodpecker has been selected as the emblem of the Pacific Northwest and his fluffy features will adorn the new seal of the state of Washington in place of the bald eagle. The woodpecker has been selected as the emblem because of its assiduous labor in clearing the forests and orchards of various insects and destructive borers.

Hordes of insects thrive upon and with all trees. Borers protected from every enemy except the woodpecker work the year round. They dig tunnel after tunnel often just beneath the bark of live trees, where they do the most harm.

As many as sixty borers have been found in one dead fruit tree. Borers have been known to riddle a two-year-old locust tree. Later ants get started in the abandoned tunnels and other insects help to destroy the wood.

It is the woodpecker that saves so many of the trees of both forest and orchard. He began his work thousands of years ago, and unheeded by most men has been at it ever since. Now after a thorough investigation it is found that the woodpecker is due the fact that any trees are alive to-day in Washington.

The woodpecker busy at work when the sun peeps over the hills is a persevering bird, searches carefully and deals out punishment unsparingly. With the most perfect climbing apparatus ever invented he gets over every part of a tree. He possesses the quickest of eyes and the quickest of tongues with which he destroys hundreds of eggs that are tucked away in crevices of the bark. Any one of these eggs would be enough to defoliate an entire branch.

The woodpecker has ears that can hear the crunch of the borer as it eats in the heart of a tree. With accurate precision he locates the sound and pecks away at the wood until he locates and eats the borer.

There are eight species and eighteen subspecies of woodpeckers in Washington that remain the year round. They scout the edge of the woods, penetrate deep into the forest and nest in the orchards.

As the emblem of the northwest the woodpecker can claim to be a qualified resident, living there the year round, and he is American in his ways.

THE RIGHT THING.

"Of course you know just what you would do in another man's place, but why don't you do the right thing in your own place?"

\$3.50 RECIPE CURES WEAK KIDNEYS, FREE

Relieves Urinary and Kidney Troubles, Backache, Straining, Swelling, Etc.

Stops Pain in the Bladder, Kidneys and the Back

Also
Wouldn't it be nice within a week or so to begin to say goodbye forever to the scalding, dribbling, straining, or too frequent passage of urine, the forehead and the back of the head aches; the aching and pains in the back; the growing muscle weakness; spots before the eyes; yellow skin; sluggish bowels; swollen eyelids or ankles; leg cramps; unnatural short breath; sleeplessness and the despondency?
I have a recipe for these troubles that you can depend on, and if you want to make a Quick Recovery, you ought to write and get a copy of it. Many a doctor would charge you \$3.50 just for writing this prescription, but I have it and will be glad to send it to you entirely free. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, K33 Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send it by return mail in a plain envelope. As you will see when you get it, this recipe contains only pure, harmless remedies, but it has great healing and pain-conquering power.
It will quickly show its power once you use it, so I think you had better see what it is without delay. I will send you a copy free—you can use it

Where to Worship

St. Francis' Catholic church: Service will be held at 8:30 a. m. and 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 2 o'clock p. m. Vespers and benediction 8 o'clock p. m. Mass on week days 7:30 a. m., except on Tuesdays and Saturdays, when mass is at St. Joseph's hospital. Rev. J. J. O'Mahoney, pastor.

Swedish Lutheran church: Morning service at 10:30; Sunday school at 12 a. m. Evening services 7:30 p. m. Catechism class Saturdays at 10:00 a. m. Rev. Hugo Thorene, pastor.

Christian Scientists: Services every Sunday at 11:00 a. m., in the Cafe hall, 6204 Front street. Wednesday evening 8 o'clock. All are welcome. Sunday school at 12 m.

Swedish Mission church, Cor. Maple and Ninth street south: Morning service at 10:30 a. m.; evening service at 7:45 p. m., Sunday school noon. Mid-week service on Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. Rev. C. W. Boquist, pastor.

Norwegian Lutheran church, 7th St. south, between Laurel and Maple streets: Services at 10:30 in the morning and at 7:30 in the evening. Sunday school at 12 m. Sunday school in both the Norwegian and English languages.

First Baptist church, Cor. 6th and Juniper Sts: Morning service at 10:30, Sunday school at 12:00 p. m. Young Peoples' society at 7:30 p. m. Evening service 8:00. Chas. B. Hilton, Pastor.

German Lutheran Zion's church, 423 North Tenth street. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. R. V. Chas. Kollmorgen, pastor.

People's Congregational church: Preaching 10:45 a. m., Sunday school 12 o'clock, noon. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Evening service at 7:30 p. m.

Evangelical church: Sunday school at 10 a. m., morning service at 11 a. m., Y. P. A. at 7:00 p. m. Evening service every Sunday at 8 p. m. A cordial invitation is extended to all. Strangers especially welcome. D. Groning, pastor.

Swedish Baptist: Preaching at 10:45 a. m. Sunday school at 12:00 m. Young Peoples' Society meeting at 5 p. m. Preaching 7:45 p. m. Mid-week meeting Thursday evening at 7:45. Kom med till Herrens hus! Oscar S. Jacobson, Pastor.

Norwegian-Danish Lutheran church, near corner 10th and Bluff Avenue. Unless otherwise announced the following order will be observed as nearly as possible: Morning services 10:30 a. m., first and third Sunday every month. Evening services at 7:45 p. m., every Sunday in the month except the 4th, when the pastor is regularly at Pequot. No evening services Easter day, Pentecost or similar occasions. C. Hougstad, pastor.

First Congregational church, corner Juniper and Fifth streets: Public worship at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 12. Young Peoples' Society at 6:45 p. m. J. A. Caskey, pastor.

First Methodist Episcopal church corner of Juniper and Sixth streets: Morning service at 10:30, Sunday school at 12, Epworth League 6:45 p. m. Evening service at 7:45 o'clock. Rev. Charles Fox Davis, pastor.

Morning, "A Dramatic Moment in History". The choir will render, "The Shadow of a Mighty Rock," by Adams, and Mrs. E. K. Medlar will render "At the Cross," by Foster. Evening, "The Gods of Care, Worry, Fret and How to Get Rid of Them." A full choir will render, "The Day is Past and Over," C. B. Adams, and Mrs. S. B. Christopher and Mr. Gusie J. Small will render "The Shadows of the Evening Hours."

St. Paul's Episcopal church. Holy communion 8:30 a. m., except first Sunday in each month. Then 10:30 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon at 10:30 a. m., Sunday School at noon. Evening prayer and sermon at 7:30. Rev. J. R. Aften, rector.

Presbyterian church: Morning services at 10:30, Sunday school at 11:50. Christian Endeavor at 6:30. Evening service at 7:45 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 8:00. All are always welcome. W. J. Lowrie, pastor.

Morning subject, "Paul's Relation to Christ". Evening subject, "God and Mammon."

Swedish M. E. church—Preaching services will be held every Sunday morning and every other Sunday evening, Sunday school at 12 m. every Sunday. Oscar C. Challman, pastor.

A Woman's Great Idea

is how to make herself attractive. But, without health, it is hard for her to be lovely in face, form or temper. A weak, sickly woman will be nervous and irritable. Constipation and kidney poisons show in pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. But Electric Bitters always prove a godsend to women who want health, beauty and friends. They regulate Stomach, Liver and Kidneys, purify the blood, give strong nerves, bright eyes, pure breath, smooth, velvety skin, lovely complexion, good health. Try them. 50c at all druggists. tsw

A Different Family.

Some ladies were visiting the Boston Art museum when one of them showed a lively interest in some large plants which had been placed there for decorative purposes. She turned to one of the elderly retainers and asked eagerly, "These plants belong to the banana family, do they not?" With scorn and injured pride the veteran attendant answered coldly, "No, they belong to General Loring."

For Quick Shoe Repairing

See
The Wide-Awake Shoe Shop
305 6th St. S.
Second Hand Shoes bought and sold

NEW ENGLAND TO BOOM CORN CROP

Announces Exposition to Encourage Movement.

THINK GRAIN BELT INFERIOR.

Down East Farmer Winner of Greatest Yield to Acre Prize in 1908, and Sweetest Specie in World Grows in Massachusetts and Connecticut is Boast of Fair Promoters.

NEW ENGLAND BOASTS OF CORN CROP.

Corn is a native of New England. The yield of corn to the acre in the New England states is higher than in the states of the "corn belt." A New England farmer in 1908 won the prize for the greatest yield of corn to the acre. The finest sweet corn in the world is produced in the New England states.

Recognition of the surprising facts cited above has brought about the incorporation of the New England Corn exposition, to be held in Worcester, Mass., in November. The object of the exposition is to demonstrate that New England can grow corn and to impress upon the farmers the value of corn as a product.

There will be informative exhibits by the six New England agricultural colleges and seven experiment stations. Daily lectures on corn improvement will be given, as well as demonstrations of seed testing and corn and grain judging. The United States department of agriculture is expected to furnish interesting and valuable exhibits.

Want More Corn Raised.

"One of the weaknesses of farming in New England," says J. Lewis Ellsworth, secretary of the Massachusetts state board of agriculture and one of the charter members of the new corporation, "is the failure of the farmers to raise their own corn."

"Very little corn is raised in Massachusetts. We want to get the farmer interested in this so that he will raise his own corn. Formerly a farmer would buy his corn, since that was cheaper than raising it. Now the price of corn has increased by 100 per cent since 1896, and he is not buying so much."

The officers of the exposition, in urging a more general production of corn, explain that Massachusetts is exceeded in value of product per acre by only one state—Connecticut. Despite the fact that the cost of production is probably higher in Massachusetts than in the corn belt of the Mississippi valley, there is no doubt, they say, that corn can be raised with a profit in this state, for the average price per bushel is higher than in most states. In 1905 the average farm prices of corn were as follows: In the United States as a whole, 28 cents; in Iowa, 34 cents; in Illinois, 38 cents; in Indiana, 33 cents; in Massachusetts, 70 cents.

Much Fertilizer Needed.

Although fertilizers must be used in greater quantity than in the states named, Professor William P. Brooks, director of the Massachusetts agricultural experiment station, points out that "on many soils in Massachusetts an average expenditure of about \$20 an acre for fertilizers will insure an annual product of sixty to seventy bushels." "This is at the rate of only about 30 cents a bushel for corn produced, but in Massachusetts the stover is worth more as forage than in the western states."

Snuff and a Crook.

Robert Pinkerton once told a story of his father, the founder of the detective agency, which illustrates the elder Pinkerton's caution. A noted criminal was detained in Pinkerton's Chicago office. The elder Pinkerton took the precaution of holding a revolver in front of him ready for use.

He saw the criminal standing by the door with a snuffbox he had picked up from Pinkerton's desk in his hand. "This is good snuff," affably remarked the crook as he took a sniff. "For the eyes or the nose?" asked Pinkerton, who knew that the crook had intended to blind him in an effort to escape.

"Well," remarked the criminal, "I'm sorry to say that the nose gets it this time."

The Barber's Idea.

Bentley had been out late the night before, or rather, he had stayed in late in a little affair, and about all he had left to show for it in the morning was an old fashioned away-from-home headache. In hope of relief he had sought his old friend, the barber, and the latter had been busy on Bentley's head and face for the past hour. "By Jove, Karl," said Bentley as the barber rubbed the top of his head, "that feels mighty good, I can tell you. The man who invented massage was not only a genius, but a benefactor to the whole human race. They ought to put up a statue to him. There's nothing like it when a fellow feels seedy. There's only one trouble about it."

"Vot iss it?" asked Karl, hoping that perhaps he might overcome the difficulty.

"Why, it's all on the outside," said Bentley. "If there were only some apparatus that would enable you to get inside a fellow's head and clear out the pains of the morning after, what a blessing it would be."

"Vell," said Karl, "I think that maybe some day dose vacuum cleaner fellers will do dot already. Vot?"—Harper's Weekly.

CANDIDATE FOR LEGISLATURE



CHARLES W. BOUCK

In again coming before the voters of the 48th legislative district, asking their support. In my candidacy for the republican nomination for representative, I do not feel that I need much introduction. Two years ago I met many of the voters and this year I intend to get acquainted with every one, if possible, either by a personal call or through correspondence. I solicit the support of the voters of the district and will appreciate anything that may be done by my friends to help my interests.

That the people of the district may know what to expect, should they honor me with election, I submit the following statement of live issues which I pledge to support and work to have enacted into law.

1. Good roads, as defined in the state platform adopted in St. Paul on June 21, 1910.

2. Reapportionment with a view of securing fair representation for Northern Minnesota.

3. Strict law enforcement and regulation of the saloon and liquor traffic.

4. Conservation of the natural resources and reforestation, in accordance with the Roosevelt policies and as advocated by Governor Eberhart.

5. Legislation which will improve the conditions of the laboring classes and a broad, comprehensive employer's liability bill.

6. State inspection of seeds to avoid the destruction of our crops and farms by obnoxious weeds.

7. Enlarged powers and means for the state immigration bureau, to enable it to advertise the state properly with a view to secure desirable settlers.

Finally, if elected to the legislature, I shall vote for the re-election of Moses E. Clapp to the United States senate.

CHARLES W. BOUCK.

st2-w2

Marvelous Discoveries

mark the wonderful progress of the age. Air flights on heavy machines, telegrams without wires, terrible war inventions to kill men, and that wonder of wonders, Dr. King's New Discovery—to save life when threatened by coughs, colds, lagrippe, asthma, croup, bronchitis, hemorrhages, hay fever and whooping cough or lung trouble. For all bronchial affections it has no equal. It relieves instantly. Its the sure cure. James M. Black, of Asheville, N. C., R. R. No. 4, writes it cured him of an obstinate cough after all other remedies failed. 50c and \$1.00. A trial bottle free. Guaranteed by all druggists. tsw

Wisconsin Creamery Burned.

Green Bay, Wis., July 30.—The Summit creamery, owned by farmers, was burned to the ground, causing several thousands of dollars damage. The cause of the fire is not known, and the stockholders are undecided as to rebuilding.

FOR SALE—10 horses, 8 runabout, 4 two seated carriages, 1 hack, 3 carts, 1 express truck, 7 cutters, 2 double sleighs, 20 set harness, 10 saddles, 3 light wagons. Will trade for land. Chas. Hoffman, 100 E. Fillmore Ave., St. Paul.

FOR SALE—Young milch cow. Apply after 6 P. M. at 203 Gillis Ave. 4937

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light house keeping. Inquire at Pearce's millinery store. 4917

FOR RENT—Furnished room with hot and cold water and use of bath room. Enquire Mrs. Pearce millinery store, 720 Laurel St. After 6 o'clock 401 corner 8th and Juniper. 4917

MISCELLANEOUS

LOST—Briarcliff, on Broadway S. I found leave at the Pearce millinery store for reward. 4912

LOST—Western bay horse. Has two white feet, left front and right hind foot. Return Fred Anderson 1607 Norwood street. 4416

FOUND—Small red cow which Mr. Rea turned over to Antler's hotel does not belong to them. Owner please call at Antler's hotel, pay charges and claim cow. 4217

FOUND—Sprinkling hose at 223 5th St. north. Owner can get same a premises by paying charges. 4817

WANTED—Used cash register, show cases and counters. Inquire at this office.

WANTED—Position as stenographer. Address 401 Oak St. So. 4813

ENGINEERING

F. A. GLASS—Mining Engineer and Surveyor. Direction of Explorations, surveys, plans, estimates reports.

Brainerd's French Dry Cleaning Establishment
Repairing and Pressing
of men's and ladies' apparel promptly done at reasonable prices, alterations also made.
Chris Schwabe,
624 Laurel Street Basement
Brainerd, Minn.

FOR GOOD
PLASTERING & STONE WORK
See G. E. LENT
Deerwood, - Minnesota
241 mo.

T. C. Blewitt LAWYER

Established 1899.
Practice in all Courts
Collections Insurance
Surety Bonds Real Estate
Adjustments Business Chances
Suite 1 and 2 First Nat. Bank Bldg.
Brainerd, Minn.

A Bargain FOR SOMEBODY

40 Acres of Good Land in or very near the town of Motley.

Description:
Lot 6, Sec. 7, Town 133, Range 31, Cass County, Minn.

No reasonable offer will be refused. Address owner

DAN BEHMER,
Santa Rosa, Calif.

WANTS

Notices under this head will be charged for at the rate of one cent a word for the first insertion and one half a cent a word for each subsequent insertion, strictly cash in advance, but no ad will be taken for less than fifteen cents.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl at McCabe's restaurant. 4517

WANTED—Dining room girl at Hotel Earl. 4017

WANTED—Man to cut grass with scythe. 416 North Broadway.

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Inquire Mrs. H. P. Dunn, 323 North 4th street. 3317

WANTED—Man for chore work, and a man for general work on my place at Parkerville. Fred S. Parker. 4617

WANTED—Woman cook at state sanatorium, near Walker; must have had experience in general cooking; good wages. Apply to superintendent state sanatorium, Cass Co., Minn. 46119

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—10 horses, 8 runabout, 4 two seated carriages, 1 hack, 3 carts, 1 express truck, 7 cutters, 2 double sleighs, 20 set harness, 10 saddles, 3 light wagons. Will trade for land. Chas. Hoffman, 100 E. Fillmore Ave., St. Paul.

FOR SALE—Young milch cow. Apply after 6 P. M. at 203 Gillis Ave. 4937

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light house keeping. Inquire at Pearce's millinery store. 4917

FOR RENT—Furnished room with hot and cold water and use of bath room. Enquire Mrs. Pearce millinery store, 720 Laurel St. After 6 o'clock 401 corner 8th and Juniper. 4917

MISCELLANEOUS

LOST—Briarcliff, on Broadway S. I found leave at the Pearce millinery store for reward. 4912

LOST—Western bay horse. Has two white feet, left front and right hind foot. Return Fred Anderson 1607 Norwood street. 4416

FOUND—Small red cow which Mr. Rea turned over to Antler's hotel does not belong to them. Owner please call at Antler's hotel, pay charges and claim cow. 4217

FOUND—Sprinkling hose at 223 5th St. north. Owner can get same a premises by paying charges. 4817

WANTED—Used cash register, show cases and counters. Inquire at this office.

WANTED—Position as stenographer. Address 401 Oak St. So. 4813

ENGINEERING

F. A. GLASS—Mining Engineer and Surveyor. Direction of Explorations, surveys, plans, estimates reports.

THE GREAT MINNESOTA STATE FAIR

MIDWAY BETWEEN ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS

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SEPT. 5TH TO 10TH 1910

60,000 IN PREMIUMS

30,000 RACING PROGRAM

LIBERAL ARTS EXHIBIT IN THE NEW GRANDSTAND AND EXPOSITION BUILDING

MILLER BROS. 101 RANCH WILDWEST 500 PEOPLE AND HORSES

DAILY FLIGHTS OF WRIGHT BROS. & CURTISS AEROPLANES

ADDITIONAL SPACE FOR AGRICULTURAL, HORTICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITS

BEAUTIFUL SPECTACLE

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WITH 1000 PARTICIPANTS

FIRST NORTHWESTERN CORN SHOW

EXCURSION RATES ON ALL RAILROADS